

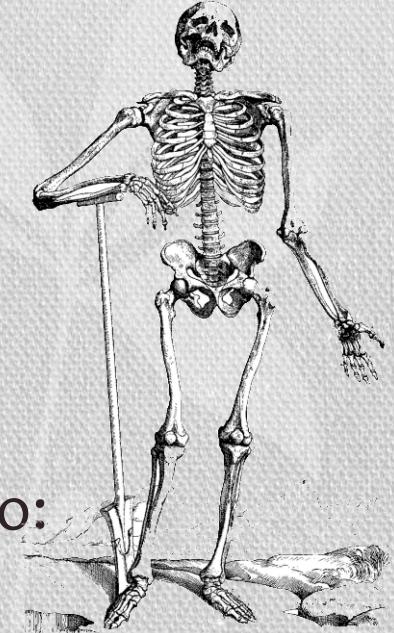


# NEUTRINO PORTAL DARK MATER

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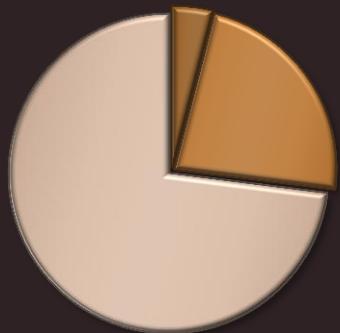
# Talk skeleton

- DM paradigm
- Effective theory & hierarchy
- Fermion mediators & the neutrino portal scenario:
  - Relic abundance
  - Direct detection
  - Simple UV completion
- UV completion
- End matters

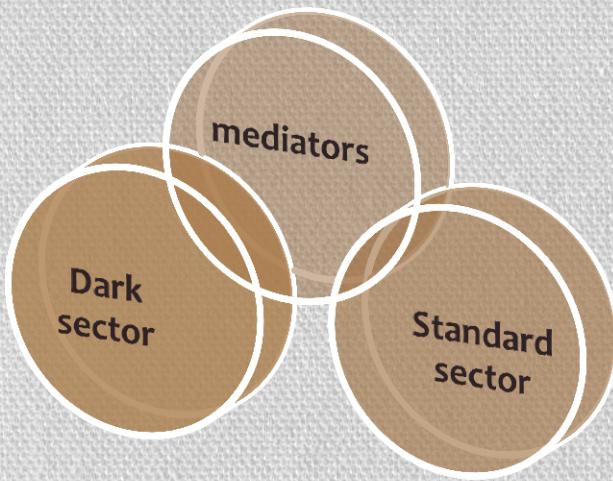


# DM paradigm

The Universe



- SM (~4%)
- DM (~23%)
- DE (~73%)



## Assumptions:

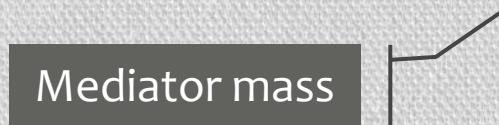
- standard & dark sectors interact via the exchange of heavy mediators
- DM stabilized against decay by some symmetry  $G_{DM}$
- SM particles:  $G_{DM}$  singlets
- Dark particles:  $G_{SM}$  singlets
- Weak coupling

# Effective theory of DM-SM interactions



Within the paradigm:

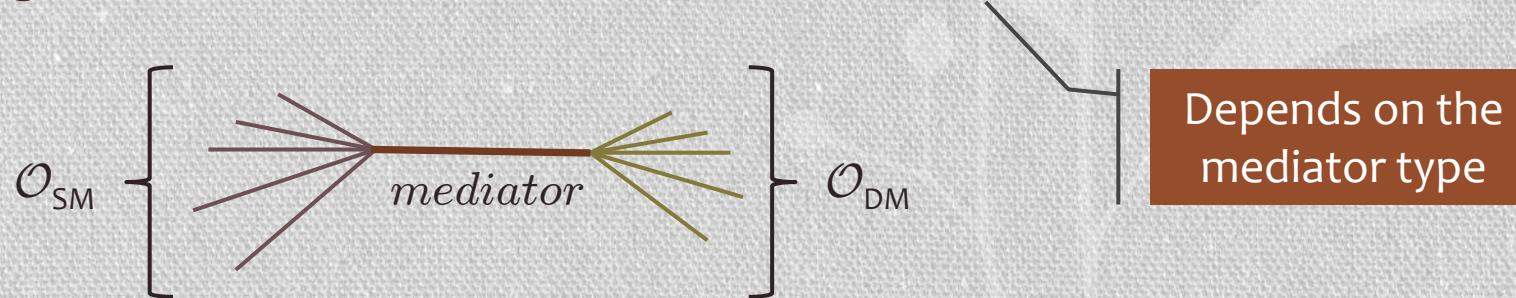
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} \sim \frac{1}{M^k} \mathcal{O}_{SM} \times \mathcal{O}_{DM}$$



Leading interactions:

Lowest dimension (smallest M suppression)

Tree generated (no loop suppression factor)





# Leading interactions ( $\dim \leq 6$ )

dim.	category			Higgs portal
4	I		$ \phi ^2(\Phi^\dagger\Phi)$	
	II		$ \phi ^2\bar{\Psi}\Psi$	$ \phi ^2\Phi^3$
5	III			$(\bar{\Psi}\Phi)(\phi^T\epsilon\ell)$
	IV	$B_{\mu\nu}X^{\mu\nu}\Phi$	$B_{\mu\nu}\bar{\Psi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\Psi$	$\nu$ portal
	V		$ \phi ^2\mathcal{O}_{\text{dark}}^{(4)}$	$\Phi^2\mathcal{O}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)}$
6	VI		$(\bar{\Psi}\Phi^2)(\phi^T\epsilon\ell)$	$(\bar{\Psi}\Phi)\not{\partial}(\phi^T\epsilon\ell)$
	VII			$J_{\text{SM}} \cdot J_{\text{dark}}$
	VIII		$B_{\mu\nu}\mathcal{O}_{\text{dark}}^{(4)\mu\nu}$	

$\Phi$  : dark scalar  
 $\Psi$  : dark fermion  
 $\phi$  : SM scalar doublet  
 $\ell$  : SM lepton doublet

Where:

$$J_{\text{SM}}^{(\psi) \mu} = \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \psi, \quad J_{\text{dark}}^{(L,R) \mu} = \bar{\Psi} \gamma^\mu P_{L,R} \Psi$$

$$J_{\text{SM}}^{(\phi) \mu} = \frac{1}{2i} \phi^\dagger \overset{\leftrightarrow}{D}{}^\mu \phi, \quad J_{\text{dark}}^{(\Phi) \mu} = \frac{1}{2i} \Phi^\dagger \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\mathcal{D}}{}^\mu \Phi$$


$$J^{(\phi)}_\mu \supset v^2 Z_\mu$$

and

$\mathcal{O}_{\text{DM, SM}}$  = operators of dimension 4

## Simplifications:

- Scalar or fermions mediators
- Leading observable effects ( $\leq 1$  loops)



dim.	category	
5	II	$ \phi ^2 \bar{\Psi} \Psi$
	III	$(\bar{\Psi} \Phi)(\phi^T \epsilon \ell)$
6	V	$\mathcal{O}_r^{(6)} \in \{  \phi ^2 \bar{\Psi} \Phi \Psi',  \phi ^2 X_{\mu\nu}^2, \Phi^2 \bar{\psi} \varphi \psi', \Phi^2 B_{\mu\nu}^2, \Phi^2 (W_{\mu\nu}^I)^2 \}$
	VII	$J_{\text{SM}}^{(i)} \cdot J_{\text{dark}}^{(a)} \quad (i = \ell, \phi; a = \Phi, L, R)$

# Effective Lagrangian

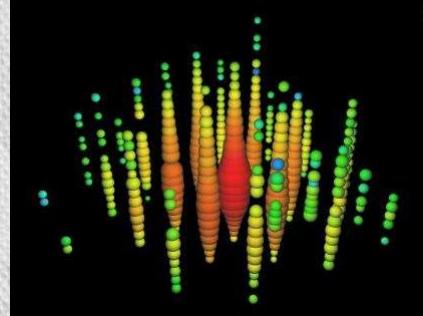
Integrate all modes with energies  $> \Lambda = \omega$  (mediator) mass

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{(\omega)} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{dark}} + c_{\text{I}} |\phi|^2 |\Phi|^2 + \mathcal{L}^{(\omega-\text{tree})} + \mathcal{L}^{(\omega-\text{loop})}$$

**Tree generated:** from integrating the  $\omega$

**Loop-generated** from integrating out

- Dark modes with energies  $> \Lambda$
- SM modes with energies  $> \Lambda$
- The mediators



# Neutrino portal scenario

- **Dark sector:** at least  $\Phi$  &  $\Psi$
- $G_{\text{DM}}$ : just about anything;  $\Phi$  &  $\Psi$  transform in the same way
- **Fermion mediators (Dirac):**  $\mathcal{F}$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(\mathcal{F}-\text{tree})} = \frac{c_{\text{III}}}{\Lambda} (\bar{\Psi} \Phi) (\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \ell) + \dots$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(\mathcal{F}-\text{loop})} = \frac{c_{\text{II}}}{16\pi^2 \Lambda} |\phi|^2 \bar{\Psi} \Psi + \sum_{a=\ell, \phi; i=L, R, \Phi} \frac{c_{\text{VII}}^{(a|i)}}{(4\pi \Lambda)^2} \left( J_{\text{SM}}^{(a)} \cdot J_{\text{dark}}^{(i)} \right)$$

Relic ab. (if  $m_\Psi \sim m_H/2$ )  
Dir. detection (H exch)

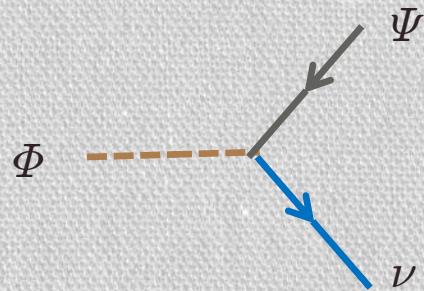
Relic abundance  
Indirect detection

$$+ \sum_r' \frac{c_{\text{V}}^r}{(4\pi \Lambda)^2} \mathcal{O}_r^{(6)} + \dots$$

Relic ab. (if  $m_\Psi \sim m_Z/2$ )  
Dir. detection (Z exch)

Assume:  $m_\Phi > m_\Psi \Rightarrow$  all  $\Phi$ 's have decayed: fermionic DM.

$$(\bar{\ell} \tilde{\phi})(\Phi^\dagger \Psi) \rightarrow \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{\nu}_L \Phi^\dagger \Psi$$

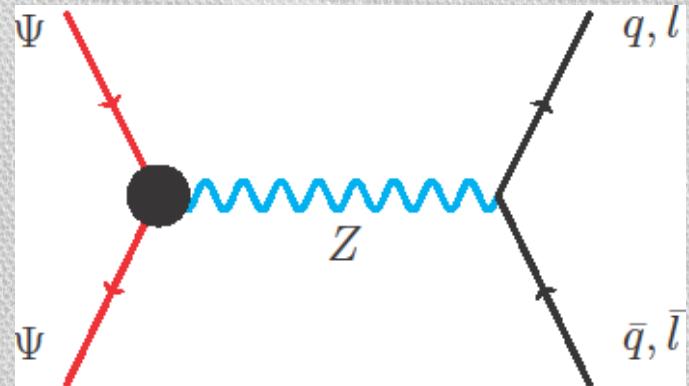
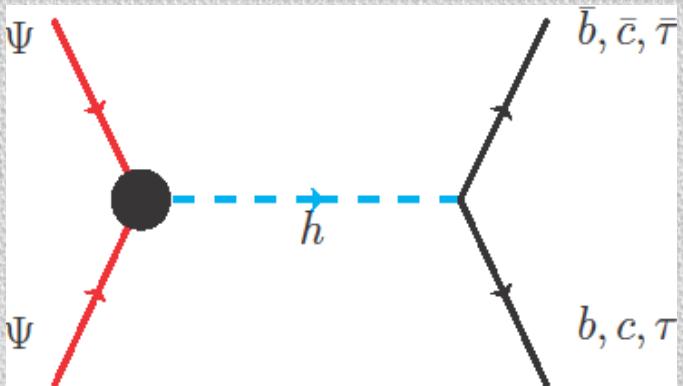
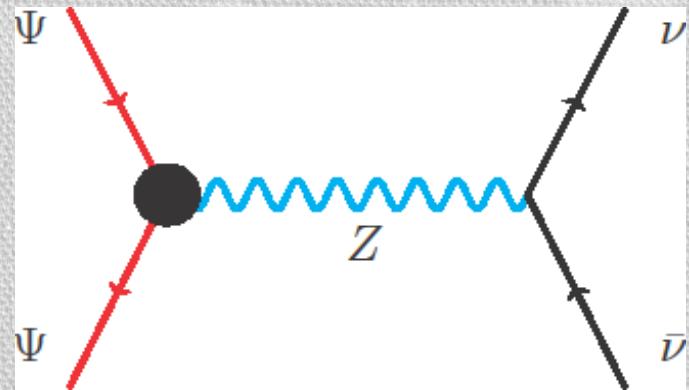
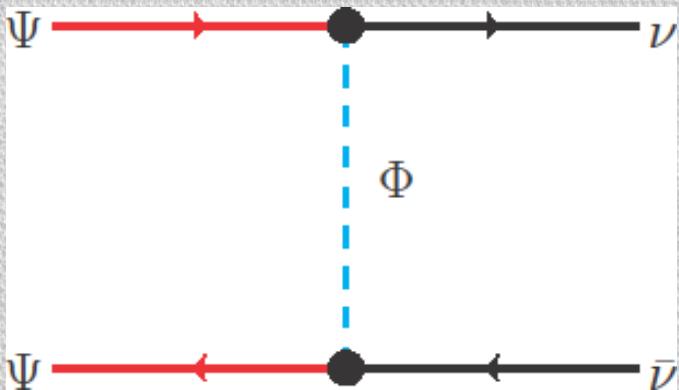


[If  $m_\Phi < m_\Psi$   $\Phi = \text{DM}$  ... like the Higgs portal scenario]

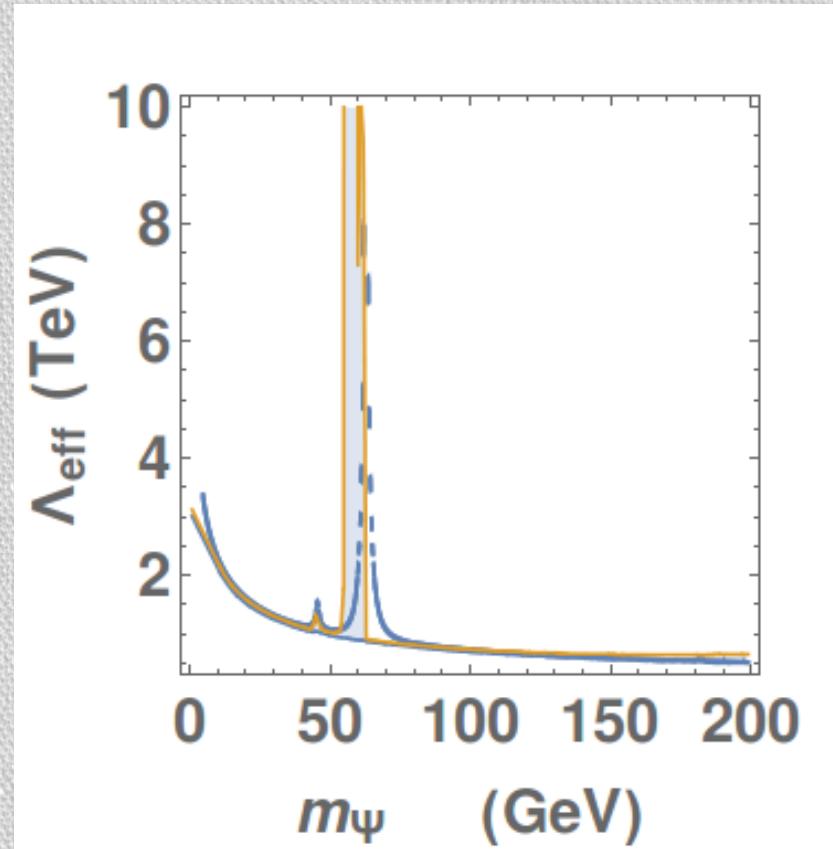
# Relic abundance



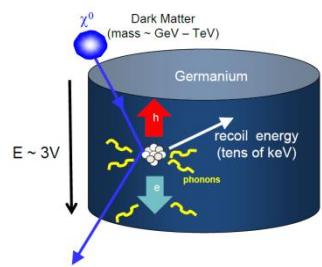
Main processes (Z and H exchanges: 1 loop  $\Rightarrow$  important on resonance)



Constraint: - Planck  $h^2 = 0.1198 \pm 0.0026$  ( $3\sigma$ )



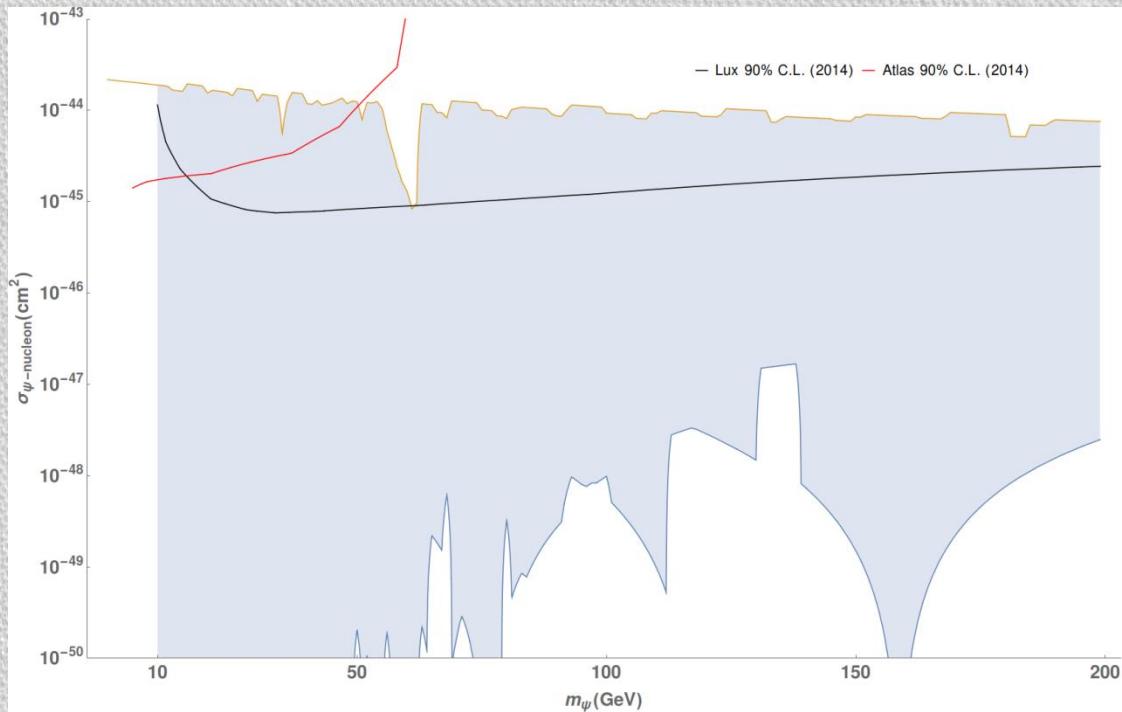
$$\Lambda_{\text{eff}} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{m_\Phi^2}{m_\Psi^2} \frac{\Lambda}{c_{\text{III}}}} \simeq \sqrt{\frac{m}{m_\Psi}} \text{ TeV}; \quad m \simeq 74 \text{ GeV} \quad (\text{non-resonant region})$$

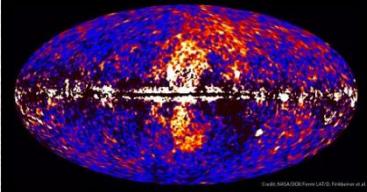


# Direct detection

Main processes Z and H exchanges: 1 loop  $\Rightarrow$  naturally suppressed

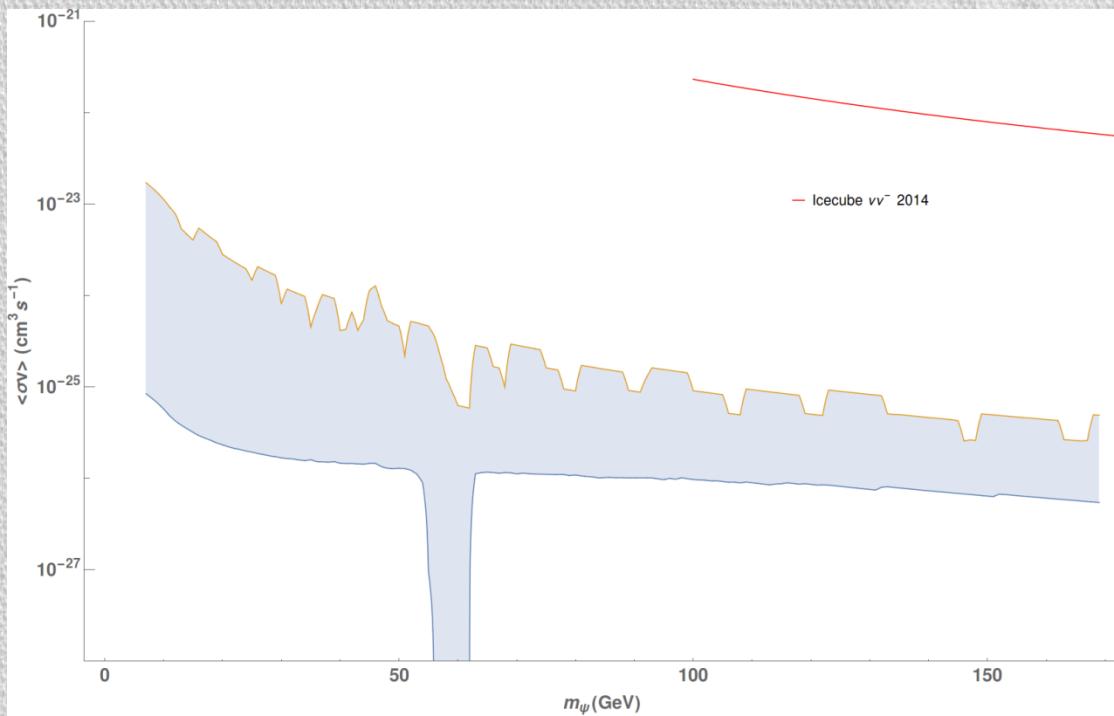
$$\mathcal{L}^{(\mathcal{F}-\text{loop})} \supset \frac{vc_{\text{II}}}{16\pi^2\Lambda} H \bar{\Psi} \Psi - \frac{g}{2c_w} \frac{v^2}{16\pi^2\Lambda^2} \bar{\Psi} \not{Z} \left( c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|L)} P_L + c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|R)} P_R \right) \Psi$$





# Indirect detection

- No significant  $\gamma\gamma$  signal
- Interesting  $\nu\nu$  monochromatic signal @  $E = m_\Psi$
- Not enough experimental sensitivity



# UV completion



Add neutral *Dirac* fermions  $\mathcal{F}$  to the SM:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & \bar{\ell} iD\!\!\!/ \ell + \bar{\Psi}(i\cancel{D} - m_\Psi)\Psi + \bar{\mathcal{F}}(i\cancel{D} - \tilde{M})\mathcal{F} + |\partial\Phi|^2 - m_\Phi^2|\Phi|^2 \\ & + \left( \bar{\ell}Y^{(e)}e\phi + \bar{\ell}Y^{(\nu)}\mathcal{F}\tilde{\phi} + \bar{\Psi}\tilde{z}\mathcal{F}\Phi + \text{H.c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\nu$  masses are NOT  $\propto Y^{(\nu)}$

Mass eigensates:  $n_L$  (mass = 0), and  $N$  (mass =  $M$ )

$$\begin{aligned} N &= C_{N_L} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon\epsilon^\dagger}} (\mathcal{F}_L + \epsilon\nu_L) + C_{N_R} \mathcal{F}_R \\ n_L &= C_n \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\epsilon^\dagger\epsilon}} (\nu_L - \epsilon^\dagger \mathcal{F}_L) \end{aligned}$$

$$\epsilon = -\frac{1}{M} \mathcal{V}_\nu \boldsymbol{\mu} \quad \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} Y^{(\nu)} = \mathcal{U}_\nu \mathcal{V}_\nu \boldsymbol{\mu} \mathcal{V}_\nu^\dagger$$

$C_i, \mathcal{U}_\nu, \mathcal{V}_\nu$  = unitary

L is conserved

~ inverse see-saw

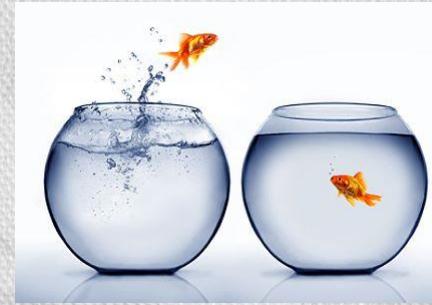
Effective couplings (one mediator):

$$\mathcal{L}^{(\mathcal{F}-\text{tree})} \supset \frac{c_{\text{III}}}{\Lambda} (\bar{\Psi} \Phi) (\tilde{\phi}^\dagger \ell)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(\mathcal{F}-\text{loop})} \supset \frac{vc_{\text{II}}}{16\pi^2\Lambda} H \bar{\Psi} \Psi - \frac{g}{2c_w} \frac{v^2}{16\pi^2\Lambda^2} \bar{\Psi} \not{Z} \left( c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|L)} P_L + c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|R)} P_R \right) \Psi$$

Where  $\Lambda = M$

$$\begin{aligned} c_{\text{III}} &= \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu z}{v} & c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|L)} &= \frac{1}{2} c_{\text{III}}^2 \\ c_{\text{II}} &= - \left[ c_{\text{III}}^2 + 2z^2 c_1 \ln \left( \frac{\Lambda}{m_\Phi} \right) \right] & c_{\text{VII}}^{(\phi|R)} &= \frac{1}{2} c_{\text{III}}^2 \ln \left( \frac{\Lambda}{m_\Phi} \right) \end{aligned}$$



## Modification to SM couplings

$$W : \quad -\frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{n}_L \zeta_n \mathbf{U}_{\text{PMNS}} W e_L \quad \zeta_n^2 = 1 - \delta_n^2 = C_n^\dagger \frac{1}{1 + \epsilon^\dagger \epsilon} C_n = \text{diagonal}$$

$$Z : \quad -\frac{g}{2c_w} \bar{n}_L \zeta_n^2 \not{Z} n_L$$

$$H : \quad -\frac{H}{v} \left[ \bar{N}_R \left( C_{N_R}^\dagger M \frac{\epsilon \epsilon^\dagger}{\sqrt{1 + \epsilon \epsilon^\dagger}} C_{N_L} \right) N_L + \bar{N}_R \left( C_{N_R}^\dagger M \epsilon C_n \zeta_n \right) n_L + \text{H.c.} \right]$$



## Best limits

$$\frac{\Delta\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{inv})}{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{inv})} = \frac{2}{3}(\delta_e^2 + \delta_\mu^2 + \delta_\tau^2) < 0.009 \quad (3\sigma) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \delta_{e, \mu, \tau} < 0.014 \quad (3\sigma)$$

( $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu\nu$ ,  $e\nu\nu$ ;  $\pi \rightarrow \mu\nu$ : weaker limits)

$$M > 10Y^{(\nu)} \text{ TeV} \quad (\text{roughly})$$

Tension with relic abundance:

$$\sigma \propto |z|^2 \sum \delta^2$$

work in progress ...



Neutrino masses: add a *small* Majorana mass for the  $\mathcal{F}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{Maj.}} &= - \left( \mathcal{F}^T C \tilde{\mathcal{M}} \mathcal{F} \right) + \text{H.c} \\ &= -n_L^T C \mathcal{M}_{\text{Maj}} n_L + \dots ; \quad \mathcal{M}_{\text{Maj}} = \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \epsilon \epsilon^\dagger}} \epsilon \right)^T \tilde{\mathcal{M}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \epsilon \epsilon^\dagger}} \epsilon \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{Maj}} \sim 3 \times 10^{-4} \tilde{\mathcal{M}} \quad (\text{roughly})$$

# End matters

- Neutrino portal scenario works quite well, but difficult to confirm.
- The clearest signature: monochromatic neutrino line

- Collider constraints mainly from H and Z invisible widths
  - DM-assisted LNV
- 
- Other possible dark-standard interactions besides Higgs and neutrino portals might also be of interest

